

SOLD 44,000 SHARES SHORT, MADE \$476,168; SAW PEACE COMING, TESTIFIES BARUCH

TWO GERMAN SEA WOLVES, MOEWE AND ST. THEODORE, NOW ON NORTH ATLANTIC

British Admiralty Announces That Warships Will Be in New York Area To-Day.

CARGO LINERS WARNED.

One Ship, Believed to Be Raider, Only Day's Sail From Harbor.

The big squadron of fast British light and auxiliary cruisers and torpedo boat destroyers is in the New York area to-day, outside the three-mile limit, scouring the sea for German commerce raiders, believed to be the famous Moewe and the captured British merchantman St. Theodore, transformed into a German warship. News of a naval battle off the American coast is expected by officials of the British Government in New York, who gave out the following telegram from the British Admiralty: "The British squadron will be in the New York area to-morrow" (to-day). The belief that one of the German raiders is heading north to prey on shipping in the lanes leading to New York, Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore was strengthened when the big wireless station at Norfolk began picking up messages flashed to allied merchantmen by British warships, telling of the presence of a supposed German armed ship in latitude 40 north, longitude 60 west—about 700 miles off the port of New York.

MERCHANTMEN TOLD TO BEWARE OF THE RAIDERS.

The vessel was seen there on Jan. 29 and could easily be off New York now. Merchant vessels were cautioned by the warships to avoid the danger zone. In shipping circles the belief was expressed to-day that the raiders have headed toward the North Atlantic lanes, the presence of Allied warships and the far-flung wireless warnings having made further cruising in the South Atlantic unprofitable. There was an unconfirmed report to-day that an unidentified vessel, now believed to be one of the raiders, has been seen at sea, less than one day's steaming from the entrance to New York Harbor. Allied merchant vessels were warned by wireless to answer no other wireless calls that could expose their locations, and to flash SOS and run for shore if a strange vessel were seen.

In official circles in Washington it was admitted that this Government had certain information regarding the location of the raiders, but this information was withheld in the interest of American neutrality.

MANY WARSHIPS ARE ENGAGED IN THE SEARCH.

Among the warships known to be engaged in the hunt for the raiders are the Vindicator, Essex, Suffolk, Glasgow, Lancaster, Edinburgh, Castle, Cumberland and Orana. These are said to have been joined recently by some of the British "surprise" craft—vessels the public has never seen and which are said to be the fastest ships afloat. Several Allied merchantmen are believed to be operating with this squadron as decoys. Nothing definite has been heard from the raider since Dec. 12, when the Hudson Maru, a Japanese steamer, put into Pernambuco, Brazil, and the crews of several sunk ships. The theory among shipping men is that they headed immediately northward. A cablegram from Cape Haitien, Haiti, to-day declared a mysterious vessel, believed to have been one of the raiders, was seen cruising off Monte Christi, on the northern coast of Santo Domingo, on Saturday. If that report be true, the vessel could have reached these waters by this time.

U.S. STEEL DECLARES EXTRA DIVIDEND ON RECORD EARNINGS

1.3-4 Per Cent. on Common Stock Announced—Net Earnings \$105,968,347.

The net earnings of the United States Steel Corporation for the quarter ending Dec. 31, 1916, were \$105,968,347. Wall Street had anticipated that the net earnings for the last quarter of the year 1916 would amount to between \$95,000,000 and \$100,000,000. The actual total, made public after the meeting of the board of directors, breaks all records for the corporation and surpassed financial and industrial circles.

The regular quarterly dividend of 1.1-4 per cent. was declared and the payment of an extra dividend of 1.3-4 per cent. was ordered by the board. This makes the third extra dividend on Steel common for the year 1916. An indication of the enormous business of the United States Steel Corporation may be gained from consideration of the net earnings in the last three months of the year just past. In October they amounted to \$35,177,393, in November to \$36,443,547 and in December to \$34,347,411.

EVERY RESTAURANT HERE MUST GET HEALTH O. K.

Emerson's Department Orders 10,000 Eating Places to Get Permits or Close.

Under an amendment to the Sanitary Code adopted to-day by the Board of Health and made operative immediately, every one of the 10,000 eating places in this city will have to obtain a permit from the department in order to continue in business. An application for a permit will be followed by a visit from the department's inspectors and on their report will depend the granting of the permit. The new ruling, regarded in some quarters as revolutionary, takes in every eating place from gilded restaurants to free lunch counters. Health Commissioner Emerson said the amendment was the outcome of the investigation of eating houses conducted by his department a year ago. At that time a majority of the restaurants were found to be complying with the sanitary laws, but recently reports of indifferent observation of the health regulations on the part of some restaurant men have been received.

MILK GOES HIGHER AS ALL FOODS TAKE JUMP TOWARD SKY

New Boost of Cent a Quart Announced After Dealers Meet in Private.

MEAT AND BUTTER UP.

Jobbers to Make \$2,000,000 to \$3,000,000 More a Week, Say Experts.

Food prices are climbing sky high again. They're going to reach the top notch very soon, and unless the public decides to quit eating altogether during Lent, which begins Feb. 21, P. Q. Foy, State food expert, says there is no hope. He suggests mass meetings to make the food gamblers ashamed of themselves. To begin with, in ten days there have been two advances in the prices of milk. Yesterday the milk companies held a private session and boosted the price another cent on all but four grades. The announcement was made to-day in circulars sent to customers. All kinds of meat went up 2 and 3 cents; potatoes are climbing, so are cheese and butter and onions went up a cent and a half.

Experts figured to-day that the food jobbers will make a clear profit of from \$2,000,000 to \$3,000,000 a week all over the country by the new jumps in the prices of commodities. The new rates for milk established by the companies are:

Grade "A" Milk—Pasteurized 12c. Qt. Grade "B" Milk—Pasteurized 11c. Qt. Grade "C" Milk—Pasteurized 10c. Qt. Extra Heavy Cream..... 15c. 4-pt. Route Cream..... 12c. 4-pt. Condensed Milk..... 10c. 4-pt. Buttermilk..... 7c. Qt. Certified Milk..... 18c. Qt.

State Food and Markets Commissioner Dillon Denounced to-day as outrageous the new advance in milk prices.

"There is no excuse for it," he said, "except the usual one the companies like to put up. They know how to keep the prices reasonable. They have built up a costly system of distribution. They have advanced the prices in the last few weeks from 2 to 3 cents. The farmer is getting less for his milk now than before, and he will get less in February. The farmer will probably get about 4 cents a quart next month for 3 per cent. milk. The fault lies with us as much as the milk companies. We contribute large amounts to investigation committees and little or nothing to the one artery of administration that could solve some of these questions, the Food and Markets Department. If the State will only give this department a decent appropriation I will pledge myself to sell milk in this city at 8 cents a quart. All we ask to start this is \$20,000."

The housewives nearly fainted this morning when the retailers suddenly announced that beef roast was up to 25 cents a pound, an advance of 3 cents, and lamb to 26 cents, an advance also of 3 cents. You can't buy beef stew that's worth the stewing at the same price you did a week ago, and ribs and rounds and sirloins and porterhouses are sweet to the nostrils, but a shock to the purse. The jobbers have advanced the wholesale price in spite of the fact that the Government has shown there is no actual scarcity of meats, and that the warehouses of the country are bulging with all kinds. Here are some of to-day's quotations: Ordinary cattle, 14 1/2 cents a pound; hams, 16; full loin, 16; short loin, 24; ribs and butts, 19; ribs, 16 to 18; rounds, 14 to 16; whole lambs, 20 to 21; lamb saddle, 24; whole sheep, 18; sheep saddle, 19 to 20; veal calves, 22 to 23; veal saddle, 24 to 25.

MRS. COLLE FOUND HER IDEAL MAN BY FALL IN SUBWAY

Knew Him Only Five Minutes, but She Immortalized Him in a Poem.

VERSE READ IN COURT.

Perfect Husband Not Represented by Masculine Might, Says Divorce Defendant.

The perfect husband, according to the ideal outlined by Mrs. Esmeralda Colle to Supreme Court Justice Glegerich to-day, is not a man who by "masculine might rules over feminine right."

The motto is Mrs. Colle's. She formulated it at the close of her diary in which she had recorded sorrowfully her conclusion that in marrying Bernard Colle, her druggist husband, she had wed a store and not a man.

Mrs. Colle expressed regret that the one ideal man she had met could not marry her, but she immortalized him in verse the reading of which arrested Justice Glegerich's closest attention. It disclosed too that the co-respondent named by Colle in his suit for divorce only half way measured up to the young wife's ideal.

Attorney J. H. Hallheimer, counsel for Colle produced the poem, along with many letters Mrs. Colle had written. The verse is untitled and was written on her monogrammed stationery. It runs as follows:

"As I gaze upon your flower
With its petals white and pure
There's a voice that seems to haunt me
And thoughts I can't endure.
"Then a wondrous change came o'er me
And taught me to really see
The right and wrong of many a thing
Such messages did your flower bring
"I see as in a vision
"The fateful day we met,
Then finally our decision,
Tell me, Dear, do you regret?
But I warned you of the sorrow
And the heartaches evermore.
Ah! To be with you on the morrow,
But—gone is my ideal of yore."

Mrs. Colle gracefully declined to classify her lines, stating she made no pretension to poetic fame. "It might be vera libre," she declared, "but at any rate it is my writing and my thought and perhaps I am the only one who wants to lay claim to it. I've a right like any other woman to write poetry and sometimes it's a solace to a soul in misery. It was that way with me."

Herman L. Roth, counsel for Mrs. Colle, objected to further questions about the verse, but the Court opened wide the doors for an inquiry into just what Mrs. Colle meant.

"Now," asked Mr. Hallheimer, "that poem was written about your ideal, wasn't it?"

"Yes," replied Mrs. Colle, "my ideal."

"Your ideal man, or husband?" asked the lawyer.

"My ideal man and possible husband," the woman said.

NEW YORK SPECULATOR WHO CLEANED UP \$476,168 DURING "LEAK" PERIOD



BERNARD BARUCH AS WITNESS

BERLIN TO WARN AGAINST SAILING ON ARMED SHIPS

Washington Reports Say New Move Is Coming in the Submarine Warfare.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—A warning to Americans not to take passage on ships armed by the enemies of the Central Powers is expected here soon. Whether the warning will be conveyed to the State Department through the American Embassy in Berlin or through the German Embassy in Washington is not indicated.

For several weeks the German Government has been submitting representations to the State Department in cases wherein it is claimed merchant ships, armed ostensibly for defensive purposes, have attacked German submarines.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—The Times to-day declares it is authorized to state that the allegation that Great Britain is preparing to arm all merchantmen with guns forward, as well as aft, is untrue.

No official statement has been made and in many quarters the report is believed that merchant vessels will be given additional protection against submarines.

Nearly \$2,000,000 Worth of Autos Stolen in Chicago in a Year.

CHICAGO, Jan. 30.—State's Attorney Horns said today that figures of automobiles stolen show that the year 1916 was a record for the city. Between Jan. 1, 1916 and Jan. 22, 1917, 24,415 automobiles were stolen. Two hundred and thirty-three were stolen in 1916. The aggregate value of the cars was \$1,800,000.

WILSON HAS SET U.S. ON RIGHT TRACK SAYS G. B. SHAW

President's Peace Declaration "Most Remarkable Utterance Since Lincoln Spoke."

"PEACE WITH JUSTICE."

By William Philip Simms. WITH THE BRITISH ARMIES IN FRANCE, Jan. 30 (United Press).—G.

Bernard Shaw regards President Wilson's speech to the Senate as "the most remarkable utterance since Lincoln spoke."

England's satirist, novelist, dramatist and author paid the American President this compliment while on a visit to the British front to-day.

"I consider his speech stupendously important," he declared. "With one stroke he set America on the right track again. I never understood the imperial America of Roosevelt, but Wilson has rehabilitated American democracy. The country of Lincoln has rebound itself."

Asked for his interpretation of the phrase "peace without victory" Shaw responded:

"Peace based upon justice—that's all, it's perfect nonsense for the people to believe Wilson to Germany's cat's-paw or that he advocates a German-made peace."

Shaw visited Africa wearing a steel trench helmet.

"Because," he added, characteristically, "I hate war and now I'll be able to discuss war with people who understand. The soldiers hate war too. They know what it is. You can't win a war with civilians' lives being sacrificed because of it."

Being commiserated with because his visit happened to coincide with the latter cold weather now reigning in the battle area, Shaw retorted:

"I hope the cold wave continues. Frost is better than mud and ice, when I get home I can walk about my hardships."

Seattle Bank Fails to Pay Dividends, Assets, \$1,000,000.

SEATTLE, Wash., Jan. 30.—The Northern Bank and Trust Company at Pike street and West Lake Avenue, which has been closed since Jan. 15, to-day, the bank's liabilities are given as \$1,000,000, assets, \$1,000,000.

Disappears With Her Hubs.

Beth Woods, a paper manufacturer of No. 5 Blinding Avenue, Haverhill, has asked the police to find her wife, Mrs. Louise Woods, twenty-one years old, missing with her three-year-old child last night yesterday morning. Mrs. Woods took \$15 with her and was supposed to have gone shopping.

HOLLWEG'S SPEECH SIGNAL TO DUMP STEEL IN MARKET, PLUNGER TELLS COMMITTEE

Followed by Lloyd George's Attitude, Leaving "Door Open to Peace"—Would Have Made More If He Had "Tip" on Wilson Note.

WHITE DENIES HE HAD DEALS WITH BERNSTORFF

Bernard M. Baruch, Wall Street operator, told the Congressional "leak" investigating committee in session here to-day that, during the twelve days from Dec. 10 to 23, he made \$476,168.47 operating on the short side of the stock market. All his transactions were based on his firm belief that peace is coming.

He became impressed with this view on Dec. 12, the day the German Chancellor made his speech in the Reichstag, first suggesting peace negotiations and was strengthened by Lloyd George's speech in British Parliament a week later. He operated on this, and not on the President's peace note. At one time he was 44,000 shares "short."

WILSON PROMOTION OF GRAYSON GETS A FAVORABLE REPORT

Senate Naval Committee Orders Approval—May Be Fought Out on the Floor.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The Senate Naval Committee ordered a favorable report to-day on the nomination of Dr. Cary T. Grayson, President Wilson's naval aide and personal physician, to be Medical Director in the Navy and a Rear Admiral.

The Republicans of the committee opposed it. Senators Lodge and Poinsett leading the opposition. A fight on the floor was indicated.

Mr. Grayson appeared before the Naval Committee to-day at its request, after members had opposed confirmation because of his being advanced many numbers over older and more experienced officers. He was asked regarding his navy record, qualifications and the promotion examination he passed.

Dr. Grayson was called before the committee at the request of Senator Poinsett, who questioned him as to his experience. It was brought out that in thirteen years' naval service, Dr. Grayson has had but two years' active sea service, while there are men with forty years' service over half of which were spent at sea, who were passed over in his favor.

Dr. Grayson was asked particularly as to an examination he took on the day preceding his nomination to develop his qualifications for the new post. He said he had submitted a thesis, but had not been called upon to answer any questions. He also said he had withdrawn from two previous examinations.

Senator Poinsett based his opposition on the ground that there were men better qualified for the position of medical director who had been passed over, and also on the feeling that the effect of the service of the promotion of men for whom no claim was made by those urging their confirmation, but that they had done much duty at the White House.

The name of Col. E. M. House was mentioned in the inquiry for the first time, but not in connection with stock transactions. Baruch said Col. House had asked him to recommend some one for appointment to the Federal Reserve Board and he (Baruch) had called up Secretary McAdoo.

Archibald S. White also testified, denying the German Ambassador and he were engaged in any stock transactions.

In the afternoon E. F. Hutton of Hutton & Co. was on the stand. He told of connections between his firm and that of F. A. Connelly & Co. of Washington, with which R. W. Bolling, President Wilson's brother-in-law, is associated.